

Policy Number: 500.202

Title: Medication/Treatment/Transcription Variances

Effective Date: 6/5/18

PURPOSE: To provide procedures to identify and report variances and identify when proper procedure has not been followed so corrective action can be instituted.

APPLICABILITY: Licensed and trained staff at all facilities

DEFINITIONS:

<u>Medication variance</u> - any medication that has been omitted, not delivered with the correct dosage, by the correct route, at the correct time/date, to the correct person, or any medication that does not have a valid order or is incorrectly documented.

Treatment variance - any treatment that is not delivered correctly.

<u>Transcription variance</u> - the failure to properly process a medication or treatment order as written by the prescribing authority.

PROCEDURES:

- A. When a medication/treatment/transcription variance is discovered, all staff involved and aware of the variance must:
 - 1. Notify a nurse, if on duty, who:
 - a) Observes the offender for potential side effects and adverse reactions;
 - b) Documents the findings in the medical record;
 - c) Notifies the facility or on-call practitioner of the variance, if clinically indicated, and follows orders as prescribed;
 - d) Notifies the register nurse (RN) supervisor/designee of the variance and the action taken; and
 - e) Takes appropriate action if the offender needs to be sent to an outside health care facility.
 - 2. Notify the watch commander, if there is no nurse on duty, who must contact the on-call practitioner.
- B. The nursing staff discovering or notified of the variance must initiate the Medication/Treatment Variance form (attached).
- C. The practitioner must:
 - 1. Respond in a timely manner to variance reports submitted by the nursing staff;
 - 2. Clinically assess the offender, if indicated;
 - 3. Order the appropriate interventions; and
 - 4. Document the findings and actions in the medical record, if indicated.

- D. When the medication variance is pharmacy related, the contract pharmacy must:
 - 1. Respond in a timely manner on the appropriate pharmacy form submitted by the nursing staff; and
 - 2. Take corrective action to prevent the medication/treatment variance from occurring again.
- E. The RN supervisor must:
 - 1. Review the Medication/Treatment Variance form for completeness;
 - 2. Ensure the proper documentation is in the medical record;
 - 3. Meet with the involved staff and develop an action plan to prevent future occurrences; and
 - 4. Forward all completed variance forms to the health services administrator.
- F. The facility health services administrator must:
 - 1. Maintain all variance reports on file;
 - 2. Take corrective actions as indicated; and
 - 3. Forward a copy of report to central office health services for distribution.
- G. The director of nursing must:
 - 1. Review reports by facilities; and
 - 2. Share reports, if indicated, with the department health services director and facility health services administrators.

INTERNAL CONTROL:

A. Documentation of medication variances is maintained by the registered nurse supervisor for six months.

ACA STANDARDS: 1-ABC-4E-16

REFERENCES: None

REPLACES: Division Directive 500.202, "Medication/Treatment/Transcription Errors,"

11/19/13. All facility policies, memos, or other communications whether verbal,

written, or transmitted by electronic means regarding this topic.

ATTACHMENTS: Medication/Treatment Variance form (500.202A)

APPROVALS:

Deputy Commissioner, Community Services Deputy Commissioner, Facility Services Assistant Commissioner, Facility Services Assistant Commissioner, Operations Support